

Hydrogen energy refers to the use of hydrogen as a clean and versatile energy carrier which is capable of storing, moving and delivering energy produced from ...

Hydrogen has been promoted as a revolutionary fuel for 50 years, yet usage is confined to oil refining and fertilizer production. For hydrogen to ...

Elemental hydrogen is an energy carrier that must be produced from another substance. Hydrogen can be produced--or separated--from a variety of sources, including water, fossil fuels, or biomass and ...

For the global energy economy, 2026 is shaping up to be a high-stakes execution test shaped around three themes: growth, resilience and competition.

Learn how hydrogen can be produced from water using renewable energy and used as a clean fuel for transportation and the grid. Watch a video ...

Hydrogen produced with renewable resources will become cheaper than fossil fuels by 2030 across a range of applications. Green hydrogen will be used to replace fossil fuels in hard-to ...

In this McKinsey Explainer, we look at what hydrogen energy is and explore some of the current challenges that are preventing wide-scale adoption.

Hydrogen Central is your source of news and market intelligence on the Hydrogen industry. Discover market trends and stay ahead of the curve

Japan's evolving approach to decarbonization shows how hydrogen can deliver impact when policy, capital, technology, supply and demand advance together.

Hydrogen, the simplest and most abundant element in the universe, has the potential to be the fuel of the future. It's an energy carrier that can store and deliver energy in a usable form. In ...

Scientists are working to develop an abundant fuel source produced from water by using the energy within hydrogen. Hydrogen is the simplest chemical element, ...

Green hydrogen could be a critical enabler of the global transition to sustainable energy and net zero emissions economies. There is unprecedented momentum around the world to fulfil ...

A fully decarbonized energy system requires both clean electrification and low carbon fuels. To reach net-zero

by 2050, current hydrogen production needs to be decarbonized and scaled ...

Green hydrogen and its derivatives - methanol and ammonia - have the potential to address these challenges. Green hydrogen may be the last mile in the net-zero journey for many ...

Hydrogen, with its high energy density and compatibility with renewable energy systems, presents a promising clean energy solution to mitigate GHGs emissions. Yet, its widespread ...

Hydrogen is the lightest chemical element and the most abundant chemical substance in the universe. Using fossil fuels or clean electricity, we ...

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