

A new property Graphene is composed of a single layer of carbon atoms arranged in hexagons resembling a honeycomb structure. Since the material's discovery, scientists have shown ...

MIT physicists identified new multilayered configurations of graphene that can be twisted and stacked to elicit robust superconductivity at low temperatures. The study establishes these ...

Physicists measured how readily a current of electron pairs flows through "magic-angle" graphene, a major step toward understanding how this unusual material superconducts.

MIT physicists have observed fractional quantum Hall effect in simple pentalayer graphene. The finding could make it easier to develop more robust quantum computers.

MIT engineers have developed a scalable manufacturing process that spools out strips of graphene for use in ultrathin membranes.

MIT researchers developed a lightweight polymer film that is nearly impenetrable to gas molecules, raising the possibility that it could be used as a protective coating to prevent solar cells ...

MIT scientists were surprised to discover a "chiral superconductor" -- a material that conducts electricity without resistance, and also, paradoxically, is magnetic -- in rhombohedral ...

MIT physicists report the discovery of electrons forming crystalline structures in a material billionths of a meter thick. The material, rhombohedral pentalayer graphene, joins a family of ...

Physicists at MIT and Harvard University have found that graphene, a lacy, honeycomb-like sheet of carbon atoms, can behave at two electrical extremes: as an insulator, in which electrons ...

MIT physicists observed key evidence of unconventional superconductivity in magic-angle graphene. The findings could lead to the development of higher-temperature superconductors.

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